# THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	)	
PETITIONER,	)	
V.	,	NO. 5:10-HC-2013-BO OCTOBER 7, 2011
SEAN ROBERT FRANCIS,		RALEIGH, NC
RESPONDENT.	)	
	)	

TRANSCRIPT OF 4248 BENCH TRIAL (VOLUME 3)

BEFORE THE HONORABLE TERRENCE W. BOYLE UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

## APPEARANCES:

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REPORTED BY: PATRICIA C. ELLIOTT

VERBATIM REPORTER

No. 5:10-HC-2013-BO 10/7/2011

### PROCEEDINGS

THE COURT: Good morning.

MR. ACKER: Good morning.

MR. HAWES: Good morning, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Do you have any more evidence?

MR. ACKER: No more evidence, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Do you have any more evidence?

MR. HAWES: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Do you want to make your closing argument?

MR. ACKER: I do, Your Honor. Your Honor, as -- as I said at the very beginning of this case, you have a stark choice, and that's whether to believe Sean Francis or whether to believe the victims, and -- particularly, Emily and the victims of telephone calls. Because, if you recall, on Page 3 of Dr. Malinek's supplemental report, he says that when Dr. Malinek talked to Sean Francis, he denied all those statements in the PSR from his victims.

So, basically, he's calling all of his victims liars. You've got to decide who's telling the truth.

Now, let's suspend this belief for just a moment and talk about the expert reports, because all the experts looked at the telephone calls and Dr. Malinek and Dr. Perkins both said that even if you just looked at the telephone calls, he's still sexually dangerous.

And I'm not going to belabor all of the evidence. It's -- if we don't believe Emily and we don't believe that these date rapes happened, then, basically, it's the typical case of the battle of experts and who you're going to believe. But let me just point out a couple of things that are different from the reports.

Dr. Plaud in his report said that, in his opinion, Sean Francis had not committed a sexually violent act, sexually violent conduct as defined by the statute. On the stand, he changed that. On the stand, he said, "No, I've gone back and looked at the CFR and I do acknowledge that those telephone calls because of the nature of them, because of the nature of the threats were sexually violent conduct."

All the experts agree he has some sort of paraphilia. They differ on what that paraphilia is. Dr. Plaud and Dr. Singer say it's telephone scatologia. Dr. Malinek and Dr. Perkins say it's -- it's even more serious than that. But they all agree he has a paraphilia.

So if it's a battle of experts, it comes down to where it normally comes, and that is the last -- the third prong of the test and that is the likelihood of reoffense and whether Mr. Francis is going have to serious difficulty in refraining from this action.

And as you've heard in other cases, the first step in that -- not the last step, the first is using actuarials.

And Mr. Francis's score in the Static-99 was a ten. That's very high and -- it's at the 99th percentile. Only one percent of sex offenders have a higher score than that.

And the actuarials show that -- and this is summarized in Dr. Malinek's report, that on the Static-99 and the Static-2002 he has people in his group that have similar characteristics as him reoffend at a rate of 59 -- 55 to 59 percent of the time within five years. And within ten years, they reoffend between 64 and 68 percent of the time.

So, Your Honor, the actuarials show that this is a -- is a very sexually dangerous man. Dr. Plaud didn't use actuarials at all in this case and Dr. Singer -- excuse me -- yes. Dr. Singer doesn't use actuarials at all. So the evidence from the actuarials is this is a very dangerous man and he is likely to reoffend.

But then you go on to the dynamic risk factors -- and I'm not going to go through all of them. The reports talk about the different dynamic risk factors. Let me talk about one, because one that's been scientifically validated among several is cooperation with supervision.

When somebody repeatedly doesn't cooperate with supervision, it increases his risk to reoffend. And we know what Mr. Francis's position is on that. We know it from the letters that we submitted into evidence that he wrote to

Moriah.

He said, "Fuck probation." He said, "I'm going to live life on my terms." He expressed as late as -- I think it was August 11th when he interviewed with Dr. Singer -- that he still intended to abscond from supervision.

Now, Dr. Plaud and Dr. Singer also talked about the seven months out of custody and that they said that -- in Dr. Singer's words, that superseded all of his prior conduct because he had seven months out in -- in -- out of custody without reoffending. But Dr. Plaud admitted on the stand that there was no evidence in the literature to support that that was a long enough time to draw that conclusion.

And the evidence also showed that during this time frame from August of 1998 until February of 1999, he was out in the community for five and a half months and didn't reoffend and then he went right back to making the calls. So five and a half months versus seven months -- it's about the same time frame. It's not enough time to show that he is not likely to reoffend.

All right. So now let's get to the heart of the case, Your Honor, and that is -- as Dr. Singer put in his report, the central theme of this case is whether or not Mr. Francis had any hands-on offenses. Because if he did, then it's absolutely clear that he's a sexually dangerous person

and should be committed.

The only people who considered that evidence were Dr. Perkins and Dr. Malinek. They said we believe he's sexually dangerous just on the telephone calls, but we also believe that it's likely that the rape in 2001 happened and it's possible that these other date rapes happened. And if they did, then that confirms our -- our opinion -- it's consistent with our opinion of the kind of man that this man is.

So he admitted on the stand -- when I asked him,

"Are you a liar," he said, "Guilty as charged." And, you

know he lies to get girls in bed, he lies to get his way, he

lies to get what he wants. He even admitted that -- on the

stand yesterday that he lies -- he has no problem lying to

stay out of prison.

Well, if he lies to stay out of prison, he'll lie to stay out of civil commitment. He blames his victims. He blames -- he accuses Emily of lying. He accuses the victims of the -- of the telephone calls of lying. But, you know, the bottom line is -- Your Honor asked a great -- great question when Dr. Malinek was on the stand.

Your Honor asked if this guy's a -- a pathological liar, then can I believe anything he says. And Dr. Malinek said, you know, you look for congruencies; you look for corroboration; you look for consistency.

And, you know, I'd say even a pathological liar -as the saying goes, even a stopped clock is right twice a
day. And so, Your Honor, you can believe some of what he
says and discard other things. And if that -- that's
consistent with the jury instructions that you give to
juries all the time. You tell juries you can believe all,
part or none of what a witness says. And in Your Honor's
jury instructions, you say, "What do you do? You look for
corroboration. You apply your common sense. You look at
the witness's demeanor and then you decide -- you use those
things to decide to tell whether somebody's telling the
truth, even if it's only part of the truth."

So let's look at that for just a moment. The rape of Emily, the external corroboration, if you take his statements from 2009, what corroborates that? Emily's statement to the police which is Exhibit 38; the police report and all the other investigation they did, Exhibit 7; but, most importantly, her videotaped deposition.

And when you contrast, which we did yesterday -you contrast her videotaped deposition of what happened in
that rape and you contrast what he said in 2009 about that
rape, the facts match almost exactly.

And so, Your Honor, we would say that that external corroboration -- there's also internal corroboration even within the 2009 statement. Because if

you recall, he admitted on the stand that Victim No. 4 that he was talking about in the 2009 statement was Amy. And he said, "Oh, I embellished. I exaggerated. I didn't really try to force Amy to have sex." But he admitted that -- that person was Amy.

And then he also says in the 2009 videotape,

"Well, this is the woman" -- that is, Amy -- "that I tried
to have sex with right before I went out and raped Victim

No. 1," which was Emily. And so even internal to the 2009
statement, it's corroborated.

Common sense, Your Honor. Which of those stories makes more sense, his story that he went out at 3:00 or 4:00 in the morning, found a girl who had a serious boyfriend, convinced her in a very short period of time to have sex outside in the middle of December in Upstate New York in weather that was so cold that he refused to take her -- to walk her home on the ground, on top of gravel that he knew was hurting her, or her story that she came up -- that she was walking home from her boyfriend's house, holding a Silo cup with water because her stomach was upset that he misconstrued was beer, that he stuck something into her side, forced her to have oral sex and forced her to have sex on the ground outside in the cold. Which of those stories makes more sense using common sense? Which rings true?

Now, I -- I'll point out one other thing, Your

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Honor, that's in the record but wasn't played as part of -of Emily's deposition and that was in Mr. Hawes' cross-examination.

He asked her on cross-examination, "How many other people have you had sex with?"

And she answered. She said, "I've only had consensual sex with one other person one time in high school, and other than that, the only person I've had sex with is the man that was my boyfriend then and is my husband now." When you try to use your common sense to say which of those stories make more sense, it's Emily's story.

And then demeanor, Your Honor. If you noticed, during the videotape, she was pretty calm, but there were a couple of times when she had to kind of take -- stop and catch her breath and take a drink of water.

There's only one time she cried, Your Honor. When did she cry? When she watched him on the videotape, she reached the tissues. Your Honor, her demeanor is very consistent with what a rape victim would be -- would be expect, somebody that she -- the other thing she testified to is that she had just recently gone through treatment to move on with her life. Her demeanor was what you'd expect.

Contrast that to Mr. Francis's demeanor: combative, agitated, arrogant, argumentative, controlling. Your Honor, when you look at the demeanor, you can believe

Emily's story. Emily's story is consistent with the experts' testimony that Mr. Francis lacks empathy; that he is high on the psychopathy checklist; that's he's controlling, angry, has sadistic qualities, anger towards women.

And even Dr. Plaud, their expert, admitted that he has many of these qualities, including anger towards women.

It's also consistent with behavior of his convictions.

You know, what did he do in those telephone calls?

He demeaned women. He intimidated. He scared them. He used the word "terrorized": "I terrorized these women."

And that's -- he also testified in 2009 -- or didn't testify. He said in 2009 on that videotape that he spoke harshly to Emily to make her afraid because that made him more sexually excited and that's very consistent with what he did on the telephone calls.

So, Your Honor, there's clear and convincing evidence that Sean Francis raped Emily on December 16th, 2001. There's also clear and convincing evidence that these date rapes occurred.

Now, I'll acknowledge that the evidence is not as explosive or as voluminous, it's not as clear that these date rapes occurred. But, Your Honor, the evidence that we showed does demonstrate that the date rapes occurred as well.

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And I know that the evidence that we presented was tedious. It got boring sometimes and it sounded like the same thing over and over again. But, Your Honor, that was precisely why I needed to do that, because it's precisely that same pattern, the same kind of -- of offense over and over again that makes it believable.

And he even described in the 2009 videotape what his pattern of date rapes was: that he would often use alcohol, that he would convince women to come to his house or his dorm room, that they would begin in kissing or petting and then the woman would say no and then he would say, "Too bad. I'm going to get what I want. I'm going to take what I want."

And that's the pattern over and over and over again. And he said in his -- in the 2009 videotape, "If I got what I wanted voluntarily, consensually, great. I just take what I want." And that's consistent internal to his admissions in 2009. It's also consistent with what he said in 2003 at Butner.

Now, Mr. Webb was making a big deal in Dr. Perkins' cross-examination about how many sexual victims he had. He filled out two victim lists. In Butner, he said there were 57 victims, and in Kentucky, he said there were 27 victims. But if you look at those 27 victims and you compare them to the 57 victims, it overlaps. So what

accounts for that difference? What are those other 30 victims that he admitted to in 2003 that he didn't admit to in 2009?

Well, he tells us and that's -- you know, I know it was a little humorous when I asked him, you know, "Sometimes you were just being an asshole, weren't you? Sometimes you -- you were just being a jerk," because those are the words he used in 2009 when he told -- he kind of interrupted the polygraph examiner and said, "Now, wait a minute. I just need to make sure. There's some people that I left off my list because I didn't force them to do it. I just was being a jerk."

And so the difference between the 27 victims and the 57 victims is that on the 27-victim list, he left out -- off the people that he simply convinced to have sex with him, but didn't force them to. And that's the difference. Other than that, those lists between 2003 and 2009 are almost identical.

Your Honor, also, the ages he gave -- part of the reason I put this on the timeline which is Exhibit 2 is that if you look at the -- the dates that he put on the victim list -- the victim list, he puts specifically what age he was. If you plot that out, those are the periods he was out of prison. So the dates that he gave for when he committed these offenses makes sense with the timeline.

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Your Honor, again, common sense. He brags on the stand numerous times, "Mr. Acker, I've had 60 to 80 sexual partners. I don't have any problem getting a date."

Well, what makes more common sense, that he -that this man truly has gotten 60 to 80 to voluntarily have sex with him or that this man has got 60 to 80 women to do something with him; that he gets drunk with them, they start kissing and then they say no; and if they say, yes, fine; if they say no, then he takes what he wants. That's what he said he did. That makes common sense.

And, again, demeanor, when Dr. -- when Dr. Plaud interviewed him, Dr. Plaud said he was cool, calm and collected because he was -- it was something he wanted and so it was fine. But in court, he was combative. He was angry, confrontational, controlling, demanding. Why? Because I'm not giving him what he wants.

It's not a very far stretch to say that that's the way it is with women. If he gets what he wants, he can be suave. He can be debonair. He can be, you know, very -very friendly. But once they say no, once he's not getting what he wants, then he takes what he wants and he's controlling and demanding. He's the same way with women.

And, again, the date rapes are consistent with the expert testimony of his hypersexuality, his need for control with -- and power and is consistent with -- those are

consistent with date rapes.

It's also consistent with past violations, the telephone. And, again, he wanted to be controlling. He was wanting to get his sexual arousal out of this. He wanted to be called "sir." But the other past offense that is consistent with the date rapes is Emily's story. Because when put the story together, what happened?

He went out with Amy, the first girl, that night, on December 15th of 2001. They were drinking. He convinced her to go back to his -- his house on 56 Sunset. He then said that they were fooling around and that there was attempts to have oral sex and then she threw up and she either passed out or left -- at some point, she left. He went to sleep. He woke up. He couldn't do what he wanted to do. It didn't fit his pattern of trying to have consensual sex. If it didn't work, he took what he wanted.

So what did he do? She had gone -- Amy had left. So what did he do? He left, went out to go out and find another woman to have sex with, took what he wanted, just like he did with date rapes. So even that rape in 2001 is consistent with his pattern of date rapes.

So, in sum, Your Honor, there's clear and convincing evidence not only of the 2001 rape of Emily but also the date rapes we've shown. And if you find that -- that either of those things happened -- that the 2001 rape

or the date rapes or both happened -- then the only expert testimony you have to rely on is that of Dr. Malinek and Dr. Perkins, plus just common sense, Your Honor, that this man -- if these things are true, this man is clearly sexually dangerous.

Now, the last thing I want to say, Your Honor, is there was one other part of the videotape of -- deposition of Emily that we didn't play in court. It was at the very end and I asked her -- I'm asking her about the fact that this rape wasn't prosecuted, and I asked her, "Do you feel like you were betrayed by the justice system?"

And she said, "I did. I was very upset."

Well, the truth, Your Honor, is the justice system did betray her. For whatever reason -- and -- and we'd ask the court to draw the reasonable inference that, for whatever reason, they thought, "Well, we'll let the feds take care of it. He's already in federal custody. We'll let them take care of it. We're not going to worry about having to writ him out, go through the interstate detainer act and get him back from North Carolina."

For whatever reason, they didn't prosecute him, and that was a betrayal -- the justice system betrayed Emily. Well, today, in 2011, Your Honor, it's within your power to make sure the justice system doesn't betray Emily again, and we'd ask you to make sure that that doesn't

happen.

I'm asking you to make a decision to do justice to Emily and to do justice to society to keep this man off the street until he is no longer a danger to society. I'm asking you to find that he is a sexually dangerous person and should be civilly committed under the Adam Walsh Act.

THE COURT: Thank you very much. Mr. Hawes?

MR. HAWES: Your Honor, from the outset of this

case, the government has made clear that to them this case
is about justice for Emily. And throughout the -- this

matter they've attempted to circumvent the criminal justice

system by using the Adam Walsh Act to try Mr. Francis for a

rape that occurred in 2001.

And it's their theory that he wasn't charged or arrested for this case because, as Mr. Acker just said, they thought they'd let the feds take core of it. The fact is the feds only sentenced Mr. Francis for the violation to 24 months. And another fact is -- don't you think -- doesn't it make sense that if that was the case, they would have called a police officer from the Poughkeepsie police department and asked him to testify at this hearing that that's what happened, that they said, "We're not going to deal with this rape because the feds already got him"? That's what makes the most sense.

This case is not about that. This case is about

Sean Francis, a man who in his earlier years lashed out in extremely -- extremely, and admittedly so, inappropriate ways by making threatening phone calls. These phone calls have cost Mr. Francis. Most of his adult life has been spent behind bars.

But in 2009, he got out. And in 2009, what did Mr. Francis do? Let's look at that. He did everything right. He had a steady job. He had a relationship with a girl who he lived with. He had his own apartment. He was financially responsible. And then this was all ripped away from him for watching a pornographic movie on cable television.

And here -- and he made a deal after that with the fed -- with the government to do six months. And here he sits before you two and a half years later pursuant to 4248. Your Honor, the government has not proved their burden and we ask that you release Sean Francis.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you for your arguments, and I know you put a lot of work into this case. I appreciate that.

I would like both sides to submit proposed findings of fact. They don't have to be exhaustive, but I would like you to propound the points that you feel if you prevail need to be in the factual decision.

I'll give you until October 17th to do that.

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That'll give you ten days. It shouldn't be -- I'm -- I'm not trying to make this a extra burden, but I feel that in these cases it's critical for the court to know what each party believes to be the defensible facts and -- and that helps me a lot in composing the judgment.

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MR. ACKER: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.

MR. HAWES: Thank you, Your Honor.

[WHEREUPON, THIS HEARING WAS ADJOURNED.]

[END OF TRANSCRIPT.]

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STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
COUNTY OF FRANKLIN

#### CERTIFICATE

I, PATRICIA C. ELLIOTT, VERBATIM REPORTER AND NOTARY PUBLIC FOR THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF FRANKLIN, HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE FOREGOING PAGES REPRESENT THE HEARING BEFORE THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA, THE HONORABLE TERRENCE W. BOYLE, U.S. MAGISTRATE JUDGE PRESIDING, IN THE MATTER OF UNITED STATES OF AMERICA V. SEAN ROBERT FRANCIS, AND THESE PAGES CONSTITUTE A TRUE AND ACCURATE TRANSCRIPT OF THE PROCEEDING.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I HAVE HEREUNTO AFFIXED MY HAND THIS 23rd DAY OF OCTOBER, 2011.

### /s/ PATRICIA C. ELLIOTT

PATRICIA C. ELLIOTT
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